DISTRIBUTION OF PRIMATES IN WESTERN GHATS



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WESTERN GHATS & PRIMATES

The Western Ghats is a continuous mountain chain parallel to the western coast of India traversing six states, Gujarat, Maharashtra, Goa, Karnataka, Kerala, and Tamil Nadu. The 72°55' to 78°11'E. complex topography and climatic conditions helps in the presence of abundance fauna and flora in this region. At least 325 globally threatened species are present in the Western Ghats 1500km region and many species of plants and animals are yet to be discovered.

The Primates are the members of the biological order Primates. Non-human primates occurs mostly in Central and South America, Africa, and southern Asia. Primates radiated in arboreal 2500 mm. habitats and mostly dwells in Tropical forests. The topography and forest types present in Western Ghats promotes the wide distribution of primates.

STUDY AREA

Latitude: 8°0' to 22°26'N

Longitude:

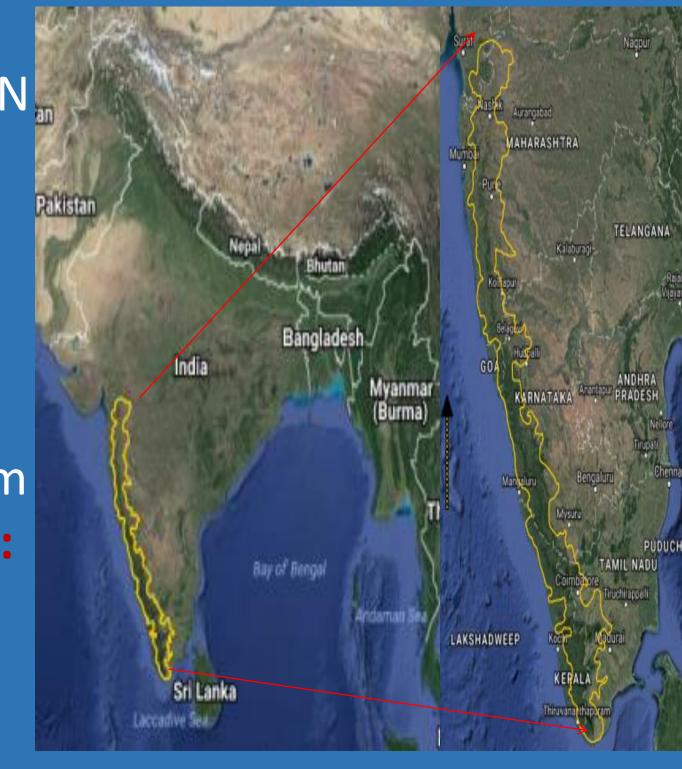
Covering distance:

Area: 1,64,280 sq.km. **Altitude range:** 0-2674m

Annual average rainfall:

Mean temp. ranges:

20-24°C.



PRIMATE DISTRIBUTION IN

Primate species are distributed across the WG region. There are 10 primate species were located from 72 locations in WG.

Cercopithecidae and Lorisidae are the primate families present in WG. Among these Cercopithecidae is the widely distributed family present in WG, while Lorisidae family shows higher distribution towards the southern and central portion of Western Ghats.

PRIMATE SPECIES IN WG

Loris tardigradus

Loris lydekkerianus

Macaca fascicularis

Macaca radiata

Macaca silenus

Semnopithecus dussumieri

Semnopithecus entellus

Semnopithecus hypoleucos

Semnopithecus priam

Trachypithecus johnii

Aurangabad Gulbarga

Macaca silenus- Lion-tailed Macaque Family: Cercopithecidae Conservation Status: Endangered

Habitat: Tropical Evergreen, Semi-**TELAN** evergreen and Monsoon Forests in Hilly regions.

Bengaluru

Trachypithecus johnii- Nilgiri langur Family: Cercopithecidae **Conservation Status:**

Anantapyr ANDH Vulnerable

Habitat: Evergreen, Semi-Evergreen, Moist Deciduous, Montane

Endagered

20%

Evergreen and Riparian Forests.

ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು DISTRIBUTION OF PRIMATES

 Primates Google Road

DISTRIBUTION BASED ON CONSERVATIVE STATUS

Endangered species Macaca silenus and Loris tardigradus shows higher distribution towards the Karnataka, Kerala and Tamil Nadu regions of

Vulnerable (Semnopithecus hypoleucos and Trachypithecus johnii) and Near Threatened species (Semnopithecus priam) were also shows a similar pattern of distribution towards the Central and Southern parts of Western Ghats.

Least Concern 50%

Conservation Status

Vulnerable

20%

- Least Concern
- Endangerd

Google Road

Bengaluru

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REFERENCE

- Estimate of primate density using distance sampling in the evergreen forests of the central Western Ghats, India
- Distribution, status and conservation of primates of the Western Ghats
- Distribution and Abundance of Primates in Rain Forests of the Western Ghats, Karnataka, India and the Conservation of Macaca silenus
- Distribution, status and conservation of primates of the Western Ghats

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Western Ghats.

Near

Near Threatened

Vulnerable